# Westhaven Gold Corp.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Condensed Interim Financial Statements** 

March 31, 2023

**Unaudited – Prepared by Management** 

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Westhaven Gold Corp. (An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position **Unaudited – Prepared by Management** (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		March 31, 2023		December 31 2022
Assets				
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$	2,776,122	\$	3,810,775
Short-term investments (note 3)		3,500,000		4,000,000
Other receivables		107,711		217,466
BCMETC receivable (notes 6)		2,150,000		2,150,000
Prepaid expenses		81,422		-
		8,615,255		10,178,241
Reclamation Deposits (note 6)		135,000		100,000
Property and Equipment (note 4)		225,007		186,244
Right-of-Use Assets (note 5)		162,068		179,892
Mineral Properties (note 6)		24,912,726		23,940,813
	\$	34,050,056	\$	34,585,190
Liabilities	-		·	•
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 8)	\$	125,205	\$	521,798
Current portion of flow-through share liability (notes 7 and 10)		486,992		486,992
Current portion of lease liability (note 5)		69,928		68,108
Current portion of equipment loan (note 4)		29,678		27,620
		711,803		1,104,518
Non-current Portion of Lease Liability (note 5)		94,344		112,523
Non-current Portion of Equipment Loan (note 4)		81,173		90,504
		887,320		1,307,545
Shareholders' Equity				
Capital Stock (note 7)		38,452,315		38,179,713
Reserves (note 7)		7,284,042		6,617,543
Deficit		(12,573,621)		(11,519,611)
		33,162,736		33,277,645
	\$	34,050,056	\$	34,585,190
ese financial statements are signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:	Ψ_	3 1,000,000	Ψ	3 1,000,100

"Gareth Thomas" (signed) "Victor Tanaka" (signed) Westhaven Gold Corp.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
Unaudited – Prepared by Management
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months Ended March 31, 2023			
Expenses				
Stock base compensation (note 7) Salaries and benefits (note 8) Advertising and promotion Professional fees Travel Rent (note 8) Regulatory and filing fees General and administrative Interest and bank charges (note 4) Amortization (notes 4 and 5)	\$ 478,125 254,540 184,655 87,787 44,805 18,230 15,019 10,390 6,904 5,078	\$	- 218,765 161,507 49,820 5,432 18,230 10,540 9,757 1,843 1,974	
Interest Income Gain on disposal of vehicle  Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss for the Period  Basic and Diluted Loss	\$ (1,105,533) 51,523 - (1,054,010)	\$	(477,868) - 2,312 (474,382)	
Per Share  Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	\$ (0.01)		(0.01)	

Westhaven Gold Corp.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
Unaudited – Prepared by Management
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Capita	al Stock	Reserves				Total
	Common Shares	Amount	Warrants	Options	Total Reserves	S Deficit	hareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	126,200,909	\$ 33,289,924	\$ 1,496,495	\$ 5,196,400	\$ 6,692,895	\$ (10,270,259)	\$ 29,712,560
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(474,382)	(474,382)
Balance, March 31, 2022	126,200,909	\$ 33,289,924	\$ 1,496,495	\$ 5,196,400	\$ 6,692,895	\$ (10,744,641)	\$ 29,238,178
Balance, December 31, 2022	139,490,756	\$ 38,179,713	\$ 1,496,495	\$ 5,121,048	\$ 6,617,543	\$ (11,519,611)	\$ 33,277,645
Exercise of options	1,095,589	272,802	-	(119,419)	(119,419)	-	153,383
Share-based payments	-	-	-	785,918	785,918	-	785,918
Share issue costs	-	(200)	-	-	-	-	(200)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(1,054,010)	(1,054,010)
Balance, March 31, 2023	140,586,345	\$ 38,452,315	\$ 1,496,495	\$ 5,78,547	\$ 7,284,042	\$ (12,573,621)	) \$ 33,162,736

Westhaven Gold Corp.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows
Unaudited – Prepared by Management
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Three months Ended March 31,	2023	2022
Operating Activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (1,054,010)	\$ (474,382)
Items not involving cash		
Share-based payments	478,125	-
Amortization	5,078	1,974
Accrued interest	4,641	883
Gain on sale of equipment	-	(2,312)
	(566,166)	(473,837)
Changes in non-cash working capital		
Other receivables	109,755	12,506
Prepaid expenses	(81,422)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,153	(12,587)
Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities	 (515,680)	(473,898)
Financing Activities		
Exercise of options	153,383	-
Share issue costs	(200)	-
Repayment of equipment loan	(7,273)	(1,095)
Repayment of lease obligations	(21,000)	(20,100)
Cash Provided by Financing Activities	124,910	(21,195)
Investing Activities		
Expenditures on mineral properties	(1,054,743)	(1,465,374)
Expenditure on reclamation deposit	35,000	-
Sale of property and equipment	-	5,577
Expenditures on property and equipment	(54,100)	(932)
Short term investments	500,000	-
Cash Used in Investing Activities	(643,883)	(1,460,729)
Inflow (Outflow) of Cash	(1,034,653)	(1,955,822)
Cash, Beginning of the Period	3,810,775	3,819,676
Cash, End of the Period	\$ 2,776,122	\$ 1,863,854
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Accounts payable included in mineral properties	\$ 36,907	\$ 383,231
Amortization included in mineral properties	\$ 28,123	\$ 25,015
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Westhaven Gold Corp. (the "Company") is an exploration stage company incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* of British Columbia and commenced operations on May 5, 2010. The Company is engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Canada.

The head office and records office of the Company is located at 1056 - 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1T2.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") on a going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company has sustained recurring losses and negative cash flows from operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company incurred a net loss of \$1,054,010 (2022 - \$474,382) and, as of that date, had an accumulated deficit of \$12,573,621 (2022 - \$10,744,641). The Company has ongoing requirements for capital investment for its mineral property interests. The Company will need to raise substantial additional capital through equity financing to accomplish its business plan over the next several years. There can be no assurance as to the availability or terms upon which such financing might be available.

The business of mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk and there is no assurance that current exploration projects will result in future profitable mining operations. The Company has no source of revenue, and has significant cash requirements to meet its administrative overhead, pay its liabilities and maintain its mineral interests. The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral property interests is dependent on several factors. These include the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of these mineral property interests, and establish future profitable production, or realize proceeds from the disposition of mineral interests. The carrying value of the Company's mineral property interests does not reflect current or future values.

These matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of assets and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

As of March 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic has caused significant disruptions to the global economy and increased volatility in the global financial markets. The extent to which COVID-19 may adversely impact the Company's business and financing opportunities will depend on future developments such as the geographic spread of the disease, the duration of the outbreak, travel restrictions and social distancing, business closures or business disruptions, and the effectiveness of actions taken in Canada and other countries to contain and treat the disease. To date, COVID-19 has had minimal impact on the Company's exploration activities. Although it is not possible to reliably estimate the length or severity of these developments and their financial impact to the date of approval of these financial statements, there may be further significantly adverse impacts on the Company's financial position and results of operations for future periods if the pandemic is not successfully contained or the effects of which are not mitigated.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments carried at fair value. Also, the financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar.

# (b) Approval of the financial statements

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and for the three months then ended were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 30, 2023.

# (c) Use of judgments and estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

### Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and include, but are not limited to, the following:

# Share-based payments

The value of share-based payments is subject to the limitations of the Black-Scholes option pricing model that incorporates market data and involves uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. Because the Black-Scholes option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share prices, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

(c) Use of judgments and estimates (Continued)

Critical accounting estimates (Continued)

### Recovery of deferred tax assets

The Company estimates the expected manner and timing of the realization or settlement of the carrying value of its assets and liabilities and applies the tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted on the estimated dates of realization or settlement.

### Right-of-use assets and lease liability

The Company uses estimation in determining the incremental borrowing rate used to measure the lease liability, specific to the asset, underlying currency, and geographic location. Where the rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the discount rate of the lease obligations is estimated using a discount rate similar to the Company's specific borrowing rate. This rate represents the rate that the Company would incur to obtain the funds necessary to purchase the asset of a similar value, with similar payment terms and security in a similar environment.

#### Critical accounting judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

### Recoverability of mineral properties

Assets or cash-generating units are evaluated at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indicators of impairments. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's minerals properties.

Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefit including geologic and metallurgic information, economic assessments/studies, accessible facilities, and existing permits.

#### Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay for its ongoing operating expenditures, fund ongoing exploration activities and meet its liabilities for the ensuing year as they fall due involves judgment based on historical experience and other factors including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

(c) Use of judgments and estimates (Continued)

Critical accounting judgments (Continued)

Mining exploration tax credits and flow-through expenditures

The Company is entitled to refundable tax credits on qualified mining exploration expenses incurred in the province of British Columbia. Management's judgment is applied in determining whether the mining exploration expenses are eligible for claiming such credits. Those benefits are recognized when the Company estimates that it has reasonable assurance that the tax credits will be realized. Upon review of the mining exploration tax credit claim by the Canada Revenue Agency, any adjustments to the estimate made by the Company are recorded in the period of the tax assessment.

The Company is also required to spend proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares on qualifying resource expenditures. Management's judgment is applied in determining whether qualifying expenditures have been incurred. Differences in judgment between management and regulatory authorities could materially decrease mining exploration tax credits or increase the flow-through share premium liability and flow-through expenditure commitment.

# Right-of-use assets and lease liability

The Company applies judgment in determining whether the contract contains an identified asset, whether they have the right to control the asset, and the lease term. The lease term is based on considering facts and circumstances, both qualitative and quantitative, that can create an economic incentive to exercise renewal options. Management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option.

#### 3. RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, equipment loan and lease liability have carrying values that approximate their fair values due to their short term to maturity. These also include guaranteed investment certificates ("GIC's"). Non-redeemable GIC's which have a term longer than three months from the date of acquisition, will be classified as short-term investments.

The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company manages credit risk, in respect of cash and cash equivalents, by ensuring that these financial assets are placed with a major Canadian financial institution with strong investment-grade ratings. Concentration of credit risk exists with respect to the Company's cash and cash equivalents, as amounts are held with a single major Canadian financial institution.

### 3. RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The Company's concentration of credit risk and maximum exposure thereto is as follows:

		March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Cash– Canadian dollars	\$	2,776,122	\$	3,810,775	
GIC	<u>\$</u>	3,500,000	<u>\$</u>	4,000,000	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,276,122	\$	7,810,775	

### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquid funds to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

At March 31, 2023, the Company had cash in the amount of \$2,776,122 (December 31, 2022- \$3,810,775) and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$125,205 (December 31, 2022 - \$521,798). All of the liabilities presented as accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within 90 days of March 31, 2023. The current portions of the lease liability and equipment loan are due within a year. The amount of the Company's remaining undiscounted contractual maturities for the lease liability and equipment loan is approximately \$176,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$211,500) which are due between one to five years (note 10).

# (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk consists of interest rate risk, loan fixed interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. The Company is not exposed to significant market risk.

# 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Cost	E	Computer quipment and Software	Furniture and Equipment	Vehicles	Leasehold Improvements	Total
As at December 31, 2021	\$	49,193	\$ 57,037	\$ 50,957	\$ 48,393	\$ 205,580
Additions during the year		26,365	-	116,527	-	142,892
Disposals during the year		-	-	(7,840)	-	(7,840)
As at December 31, 2022		75,558	57,037	159,644	48,393	340,632
Additions during the period		54,140	-	-	-	54,140
Disposals during the period		-	-	-	(48,393)	(48,393)
As at March 31, 2023	\$	129,698	\$ 57,037	\$ 159,644	\$ -	\$ 346,379
Accumulated Amortization						
As at December 31, 2021	\$	24.477	\$ 25,951	\$ 15,383	\$ 36,160	\$ 101,971
Charge for the year		11,370	6,217	27,172	12,233	56,992
Disposals during the year		-	-	(4,575)	-	(4,575)
As at December 31, 2022		35,847	32,168	37,980	48,393	154,388
Charge for the period		5,008	1,244	9,125	-	15,377
Disposals during the period		-	-	-	(48,393)	(48,393)
As at March 31, 2023	\$	40,855	\$ 33,412	\$ 47,105	\$ 48,393	\$ 121,372
Carrying Value						
As at December 31, 2022	\$	39,711	\$ 24,869	\$ 121,664	\$ -	\$ 186,244
As at March 31, 2023	\$	88,843	\$ 23,625	\$ 112,539	\$ -	\$ 225,007

### 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for the purchase of equipment for \$18,246 payable over four years with an interest rate of 0%. The current portion of the equipment loan at March 31, 2023 is \$4,379 (2022 - \$4,379). The loan is secured by the equipment purchased.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into a loan agreement for the purchase of equipment totaling \$122,103 payable over five years with an interest rate of 3.49%. The current portion of the equipment loan at March 31, 2022, is \$25,299. The loan is secured by the equipment purchased.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, \$10,299 (2022 - \$6,606) of amortization of property and equipment was capitalized to the Company's mineral properties.

#### 5. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITY

Right-of-use assets		
Value of right-of-use asset as at December 31, 2021	\$	33,084
Additions		215,798
Amortization		(68,990)
Value of right-of-use assets as at December 31, 2022	\$	179,892
Amortization		(17,824)
Value of right-of-use assets as at March 31, 2023		\$162,068
Lease liability		
Lease liability recognized as at December 31, 2021	\$	39,180
Additions	*	215,798
Lease payments		(86,150)
Lease interest		11,803
Lease liability recognized as at December 31, 2022		180,631
Lease payments		(20,100)
Lease interest		4,641
Lease liability recognized as at March 31, 2023	\$	164,272
	Φ.	00.000
Current portion	\$	69,928
Non-current portion		94,344
	\$	164,272

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, \$17,824 (2022 - \$18,409) of amortization of ROU assets was capitalized to the Company's mineral properties.

#### 6. MINERAL PROPERTIES

Amounts capitalized as mineral property costs are as follows:

	Shovelnose Gold Property	rospect Valley Property	Skoonka Creek Property	N	oonka lorth operty	Total
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 23,229,980	\$ 752,021	\$ 279,760	\$	105,051 \$	24,366,812
Deferred exploration costs						
Acquisition costs	142,958	4,277	5,969		3,078	156,282
Geological and assays	1,723,079	-	379,188		36,428	2,138,695
Drilling	6,579,672	-	529,148		-	7,108,820
Lab fees	1,398,580	-	57,287		-	1,455,867
Amortization	114,267	-	-		-	114,267
Total additions during the year	9,958,556	4,277	971,592		39,506	10,378,007
BCMETC (mining tax credits)	(2,268,678)	-	-		-	(2,268,678)
NSR (Net Smelter Royalty)	(9,249,930)	-	-		-	(9,249,930)
Net change during the year	(1,441,374)	4,277	971,592		39,506	(425,999)
Balance, December 31, 2022	21,788,606	756,298	1,251,352		144,557	23,940,813
Deferred exploration costs						
Acquisition costs	101,498	1,428	1,375		-	104,301
Geological and assays	182,963	30,997	26,474		-	240,434
Drilling	132,150	-	24,308		-	156,458
Lab fees	106,406	-	28,398		-	134,804
Share-based payments	307,793	-	-		-	307,793
Amortization	28,123	-	-		-	28,123
Total additions during the year	858,933	32,425	80,555		-	971,913
Net change during the period	858,933	32,425	80,555		-	971,913
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 22,647,539	\$ 788,723	\$ 1,331,907	\$	144,557 \$	24,912,726

# (a) Shovelnose Gold Property, British Columbia, Canada

In January 2011, the Company signed an option agreement (the "Shovelnose Agreement") with Strongbow Exploration Inc. ("Strongbow") whereby the Company can earn up to a 70% interest in the Shovelnose Gold Property, a mineral claim near Merritt, British Columbia, staked by Strongbow in 2005 and 2008. A director of the Company is also a director of Strongbow.

Under the terms of the Shovelnose Agreement, the Company would earn an initial 51% interest in the Shovelnose Gold Property by issuing a total of 300,000 common shares (issued) to Strongbow and incurring \$1,500,000 (\$750,000 incurred) in exploration expenditures on the property.

### **6. MINERAL PROPERTIES** (Continued)

(a) Shovelnose Gold Property, British Columbia, Canada (Continued)

On September 1, 2015, the Company entered into a new purchase agreement with Cornish to acquire 100% of the Shovelnose Gold Property replacing the January 2011 agreement. Under the terms of the new agreement the Company acquired a 100% interest in the property by issuing 2,000,000 common shares (issued upon completion of the new agreement). In addition, Cornish was granted a 2% net smelter returns royalty ("NSR") on the property. The Company will retain the right to reduce the NSR to 1% by paying Cornish \$500,000 at any time prior to the commencement of commercial production.

The Company has a reclamation deposit of \$75,000 (2022 - \$40,000) held with the Ministry of Finance relating to exploration activities completed on the Shovelnose Gold Property.

(b) Prospect Valley Gold Property, British Columbia, Canada

On September 21, 2015, the Company entered into an option and purchase agreement with Green Battery Minerals Inc. ("Green Battery") to acquire a 70% interest in the Prospect Valley Gold Property near Merritt. The Company paid \$20,000 to Green Battery upon signing as per the terms of the agreement. On October 22, 2015, the Company exercised the option by making a second and final payment of \$80,000 and issued 500,000 common shares at a price of \$0.065 per share.

On February 16, 2016, the Company acquired the remaining 30% interest in the property for a cash payment of \$40,000 and the issue of 500,000 common shares at a price of \$0.07 per share.

The Company has a reclamation deposit of \$35,000 (2022 - \$35,000) held with the Ministry of Finance relating to exploration activities completed on the Prospect Valley property.

(c) Skoonka Creek, British Columbia, Canada

On May 24, 2017, the Company signed a purchase agreement with Cornish and Almadex Minerals Ltd. ("Almadex"), to acquire 100% interest in the Skoonka Creek gold property, located within the prospective Spences Bridge Gold Belt, British Columbia. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares (issued on May 30, 2017) at a price of \$0.09 per share. Almadex retains its original NSR of 2% from future production.

The Company has a reclamation deposit of \$25,000 (2022 - \$25,000) held with the Ministry of Finance relating to exploration activities completed on the Skoonka Creek property.

(d) Skoonka North Gold Property, British Columbia, Canada

In May 2018, the Company staked an additional gold mineral property, Skoonka North, within the Spences Bridge Gold Belt, British Columbia.

### **6. MINERAL PROPERTIES** (Continued)

### (e) Net Smelter Return Royalty

On November 16, 2018, the Company was granted a 2.5% NSR (the "Talisker Royalty") by Sable Resources Ltd. ("Sable"). The Talisker Royalty applies to any properties of Sable or its affiliates within 5km of Westhaven's properties in the Spences Bridge Gold Belt. On October 6, 2022, the Company sold the Talisker Royalty to Franco-Nevada Corporation ("Franco-Nevada") for US\$750,000.

On October 6, 2022, the Company also completed the grant and sale of a 2% NSR to Franco-Nevada for US\$6,000,000. The NSR applies to all of the Company's claims across the Spences Bridge Gold Belt. The Company has an option to buy-down 0.5% of the NSR for US\$3,000,000 for a period of five years from the closing of the transaction.

The total proceeds of the NSR transactions above amounted to \$9,249,930 (US\$6,750,000). Given the stage of the mineral property compared to the Company's other projects, management recorded the entire proceeds as a recovery in the Shovelnose Gold Property.

#### Realization

The Company's investment in and expenditures on the mineral property interests comprise a substantial portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in the assets is dependent on establishing legal ownership of the property interests, on the attainment of successful commercial production or from the proceeds of its disposal. The recoverability of the amounts shown for the mineral property interests is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of the property interests, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

#### Title and environmental

Although the Company has taken steps to verify the title to mineral properties in which it has or had a right to acquire an interest in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee title (whether of the Company or of any underlying vendor(s) from whom the Company may be acquiring its interest). Title to mineral properties may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers, and may also be affected by undetected defects or the rights of indigenous peoples.

Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of exploration and development on the mineral properties, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.

#### 7. CAPITAL STOCK

#### (a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

# (b) Issued and outstanding

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company issued 1,095,589 shares on the exercise of stock options for proceeds of \$153,383.

On October 6, 2022, in connection with the grant and sale of the NSR to Franco-Nevada, the Company issued to Franco-Nevada 2,500,000 shares at a fair value price of \$0.40 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,000,000.

On July 29, 2022, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 9,739,847 flow-through shares at price of \$0.44 per share for gross proceeds of \$4,285,532. The Company used the residual method to calculate the fair value of the tax deduction attached to the flow-through common shares and recorded a flow-through liability of \$486,992. The Company paid cash finder's fees of \$59,197 and other costs of \$29,906 in connection with the share issue.

# (c) Warrants

The following summarizes the Company's warrants as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and changes during the period:

	March 2023	•	December 31, 2022		
		Weighted Average		Weighted Average	
	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	
Outstanding and exercisable, beginning of the year	10,689,250	\$ 1.00	10,689,250	\$ 1.00	
Issued	-	-	-	-	
Expired	(10,689,250)	\$ 1.00	-	-	
Outstanding and exercisable, end of the period	-	-	10,689,250	\$ 1.00	

### CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

### (c) Warrants (Continued)

As at December 31, 2022, the Company had warrants outstanding as follows:

			Weighted Average Remaining Contractual
Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Outstanding	Life (Years)
March 3, 2023	\$1.00	10,689,250	0.17
		10,689,250	

These warrants expired unexercised on March 3, 2023.

# (d) Stock options

The Company adopted a stock option plan whereby the number of options granted to one person shall not exceed 10% of the outstanding shares at the time of granting the options. If employment with the Company is terminated, other than through death, options not exercised will expire within 90 days after the termination date.

On March 20, 2023, the Company granted 3,945,00 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.35 per share. The options vested March 20, 2023, and expire March 20, 2028. Share-based payments of \$478,125 were charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss and share-based payments of \$307,793 was capitalized to mineral properties.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company issued 1,095,589 shares on the exercise of stock options for total proceeds of \$153,383. In relation to this exercise \$119,419 was transferred from options reserve to capital stock. The weighted average share price on the date of exercise was \$0.14.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company issued 1,050,000 shares on the exercise of stock options for total proceeds of \$105,000. In relation to this exercise \$75,352 was transferred from options reserve to capital stock. The weighted average share price on the date of exercise was \$0.50.

# 7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

# (d) Stock options (Continued)

The following summarizes the Company's stock options as at March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and changes during the year.

	March 202	•	December 31, 2022		
	Number	Weighted Average		Weighted Average	
	of Options	Exercise Price	Number of Options	Exercise Price	
Outstanding and exercisable, beginning of year	8,895,589	\$ 0.82	9,945,589	\$ 0.74	
Exercised	(1,095,589)	\$ 0.02	(1,050,000)	0.10	
Granted	3,945,000	\$0.35	-	-	
Outstanding and exercisable, end of year	11,745,000	\$ 0.72	8,895,689	\$ 0.82	

As at March 31, 2023, the Company had options outstanding as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
			(100.0)
November 14, 2023	\$1.20	2,900,000	062
July 8, 2024	\$0.70	200,000	1.27
December 23, 2024	\$0.85	1,250,000	1.73
May 20, 2025	\$0.80	475,000	2.14
August 10, 2025	\$0.95	260,000	2.36
April 22, 2026	\$0.70	2,315,000	3.06
November 29, 2026	\$0.50	400,000	3.87
March 20, 2028	\$0.35	3,945,000	4.98
		11,745,000	2.90

### 7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

The options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2023 vested on grant and the fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	March 31, 2023
Expected life (years)	5
Interest rate	2.96%
Volatility	86%
Dividend yield	0%
Forfeiture rate	0%
Market value of common shares at grant date	\$0.30
Fair value	\$0.199

Volatility has been calculated based on the historical volatility of the Company. Interest rates represent rates from the Bank of Canada on bonds with a similar term. The dividend yield represents the expected dividends to be paid by the Company.

### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into the following transactions with related parties in addition to those discussed elsewhere in the condensed interim financial statements.

Key management compensation

During the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, short-term employee benefits for key management compensation, and directors' fees, were incurred as follows:

		2023	2022
Gareth Thomas (CEO)	Salary and Bonus	\$ 88,274	\$ 63,333
Shaun Pollard (CFO)	Salary and Bonus	88,274	63,333
Victor Tanaka (Director)	Fees	3,158	-
Hannah McDonald (Director)	Fees	3,158	-
Paul McRae (Director)	Fees	3,158	
Total key management compe	nsation	\$ 186,022	\$ 126,666

#### **8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

In addition to the above costs, the Company paid \$18,230 (2022 - \$18,230) of rent and office expenditures to Anglo Celtic Exploration Ltd. ("Anglo"). Anglo is a company controlled by Grenville Thomas, a director of the Company, and Gareth Thomas, CEO.

At March 31, 2023, \$9,474 (December 31, 2022, \$14,635) in respect of fees and expense reimbursements were due to key management and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amounts are non-interest bearing and subject to normal trade terms.

#### 9. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company considers its capital structure to consist of shareholders' equity. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties.

The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the three months March 31, 2023, or the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

### 10. COMMITMENTS

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into three one-year leases for building space associated with the Shovelnose project. Given the lease terms do not exceed one year, the Company elected to not apply IFRS 16 to these leases.

On December 12, 2019, the Company entered into a three-year lease for building space associated with the Shovelnose project. On September 14, 2022, the lease was extended for an additional three years.

On June 2, 2020, the Company entered a two-year lease for building space. On June 1, 2022, this lease was extended for an additional three years.

At March 31, 2023, under the terms of the leases noted above, the Company is committed to the following annual lease payments plus additional occupancy costs:

2023 \$ 82,645 2024 \$ 84,000 2025 \$ 48,900

### **10. COMMITMENTS** (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into a loan to purchase equipment. The Company is committed to payments of \$1,025 bi-weekly until May 13, 2027.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company entered into a loan to purchase equipment. The Company is committed to payments of \$365 per month until June 30, 2025.

On July 29, 2022, the Company issued flow-through shares which require the Company to incur qualifying exploration expenditures of \$4,285,532 within 24 months. At March 31, 2023, the Company had \$4,285,532 of remaining qualifying expenditures to spend in 2023.

On June 16, 2020, the Company issued flow-through shares which require the Company to incur qualifying exploration expenditures of \$5,175,315 within 24 months. As at December 31, 2022, the Company had \$nil (2021 - \$3,175,315) of remaining qualifying expenditures to spend. As a result of satisfying the flow-through obligation, the premium on flow-through shares of \$601,639 was recognized in income during the year ended December 31, 2022.

### 11. SEGMENTED REPORTING

The Company is organized into business units based on mineral properties and has one reportable operating segment, being that of acquisition and exploration and evaluation activities. The Company's long-term assets are in Canada.